



宜家移民法律事務所

HCD F Immigration Inc.®

Vancouver-China-Vietnam-Hong Kong-Malaysia-S. Korea-Taiwan

矯正常見學簽謬誤



今期通訊將探討加拿大學生簽證常見問題。

問一：學生簽證是否收緊了？是否變得非常困難批出？

答：學生簽證的申請並不困難，一般在六個星期左右就能批出。目前坊間所謂的「學簽收緊」，通常是針對亞洲南亞裔的學生。對於來自日本、韓國、中國、香港等地的學生來說，申請程序依然相對寬鬆。只要提供充分的財政證明文件，並證明父母的收入來源清晰，再加上申請的大學、大專或中小學都是公立的為主便不會有困難。相反若不符合上述任何一點，那你遇到困難是必然的。

問二：留學生是否更難取得學生工作簽證或更難在加拿大工作？

答：坊間所講的都是錯的。剛剛這個月移民部便公佈留學生每週工作時間由二十小時增加至二十四小時，且無需工作簽證。但記得所指的留學生是在正正當當的公立就讀學生，如果是其他私校便要小心。另外畢業後的工作簽證亦沒有影響，只是大學生畢業生的配偶便不能隨便取得工作簽證，碩士生或研究生的配偶仍然可以獲得工作簽證。

問三：加拿大移民部是否真的收緊學生簽證及工作簽證的申請？

答：是的，不過是對局部地區性學生而言，特別是針對南亞裔學生為主。剛剛政府公布在超過五十萬份的學生申請裏面，發現有問題學生的學校錄取信居然佔20%。從這個比例便可以見到太多人用不恰當的學校錄取信或者是假的學校錄取信，希望去取得學生簽證，這些都會被移民局堵截。任何欺騙行為都是不應該做，任何申請只要實話實說及找到真正有經驗的顧問公司，成功率仍然是有保障的。

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Misconceptions About Study Permit



In this issue, we will address common questions about Canadian study permits.

Question 1: Have study permit requirements become stricter? Are they harder to obtain?

Answer: The application process for study permits is not difficult, and approval is typically granted within about six weeks. The notion that "study permits are tightening" mainly applies to students from South Asia. For students from Japan, Korea, China, Hong Kong, and other regions, the application process remains relatively lenient. As long as applicants provide sufficient financial documentation, clearly demonstrate their parents' income sources, and apply to a Designated Learning Institution (DLI) at the post-secondary level (universities/colleges) or primary and secondary schools, the process is generally smooth. However, if any of these conditions are not met, difficulties in the application process are likely.

Question 2: Is it harder for international students to obtain a work permit or work in Canada?

Answer: This claim is incorrect. In fact, IRCC recently announced that international students can now work up to 24 hours per week, an increase from the previous 20 hours, without needing an additional work permit. However, this policy applies only to students enrolled in recognized public institutions. Students at private institutions should be more cautious. Additionally, the post-graduation work permit policy has not changed. However, spouses of undergraduate graduates can no longer easily obtain a work permit, while spouses of master's or postgraduate students can still obtain a work permit.

Question 3: Has Canada's immigration department really tightened the application process for study permits and work permits?

Answer: Yes, but this tightening mainly affects students from specific regions, particularly South Asia. The Canadian government announced that among over 500,000 student applications, 20% were found to have issues with the school acceptance letters. This reveals that many applicants attempt to use improper or fake acceptance letters to obtain study permits, but these actions are being strictly blocked by immigration authorities. Any form of fraud should be avoided. Applicants should be honest, provide truthful documents, and seek assistance from experienced immigration consultancy firms to ensure a higher chance of success.

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